

# 場の量子論 p311check11.2

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## 1 本文

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} dx f(x) \delta'(x) = [f(x) \delta(x)]_{-\infty}^{+\infty} - \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} dx f'(x) \delta(x) \quad (1)$$

$$= -f'(0) \quad (2)$$

$$[\phi(\mathbf{x}), \pi(\mathbf{y})] = i\delta^3(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}) \quad (3)$$

$$[\phi(\mathbf{x}), \phi(\mathbf{y})] = 0 = [\pi(\mathbf{x}), \pi(\mathbf{y})] \quad (4)$$

$$H = \int d^3\mathbf{x} \left\{ \frac{1}{2}\pi^2(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{1}{2}[\nabla\phi(\mathbf{x})]^2 + \frac{m^2}{2}\phi^2(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{\lambda}{2}\phi^4(\mathbf{x}) \right\} \quad (5)$$

$$= \int d^3\mathbf{x} \left\{ \frac{1}{2}\pi^2(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) + V[\phi(\mathbf{x})] \right\} \quad (6)$$

$$P^j = \int d^3\mathbf{x} \pi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^j \phi(\mathbf{x}) \quad (7)$$

$$[P^j, H] = \left[ \int d^3\mathbf{y} \pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \int d^3\mathbf{x} \left\{ \frac{1}{2}\pi^2(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) + V[\phi(\mathbf{x})] \right\} \right] \quad (8)$$

$$= \int d^3\mathbf{x} \int d^3\mathbf{y} \left\{ \frac{1}{2}[\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \pi^2(\mathbf{x})] + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 [\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] \right. \\ \left. + [\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), V\{\phi(\mathbf{x})\}] \right\} \quad (9)$$

$$= \int d^3\mathbf{x} \int d^3\mathbf{y} \left\{ \frac{1}{2}[\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \pi(\mathbf{x})] \pi(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \pi(\mathbf{x}) [\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \pi(\mathbf{x})] \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) [\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 [\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) \right. \\ \left. + [\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \phi(\mathbf{x})] \frac{\partial V[\phi(\mathbf{x})]}{\partial \phi(\mathbf{x})} \right\} \quad (10)$$

$$= \int d^3\mathbf{x} \int d^3\mathbf{y} \left\{ \frac{1}{2}\pi(\mathbf{y}) [\partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \pi(\mathbf{x})] \pi(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \pi(\mathbf{x}) \pi(\mathbf{y}) [\partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \pi(\mathbf{x})] \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) [\pi(\mathbf{y}), \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 [\pi(\mathbf{y}), \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) \right. \\ \left. + [\pi(\mathbf{y}), \phi(\mathbf{x})] \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}) \frac{\partial V[\phi(\mathbf{x})]}{\partial \phi(\mathbf{x})} \right\} \quad (11)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
[P^j, H] &= \int d^3x \int d^3y \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \pi(\mathbf{y}) [\partial_y^j i\delta(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x})] \pi(\mathbf{x}) + \frac{1}{2} \pi(\mathbf{x}) \pi(\mathbf{y}) [\partial_y^j i\delta(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x})] \right. \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) [\partial_x^k (-i) \delta(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y})] \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 [\partial_x^k (-i) \delta(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y})] \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) \\
&\quad \left. + [-i\delta(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y})] \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}) \frac{\partial V[\phi(\mathbf{x})]}{\partial \phi(\mathbf{x})} \right\} \tag{12}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \int d^3x \left\{ \frac{1}{2} (-i) \partial_x^j [\pi(\mathbf{x}) \pi(\mathbf{x})] + \frac{1}{2} (-i) \partial_x^j [\pi(\mathbf{x}) \pi(\mathbf{x})] \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 i \partial_x^k [\partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^j \phi(\mathbf{x})] + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^3 i \partial_x^k [\partial_x^j \phi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] - i \partial_x^j \phi(\mathbf{x}) \frac{\partial V[\phi(\mathbf{x})]}{\partial \phi(\mathbf{x})} \right\} \tag{13}
\end{aligned}$$

$$= \int d^3x \left\{ (-i) \partial_x^j [\pi^2(\mathbf{x})] + i \sum_{k=1}^3 \partial_x^k [\partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^j \phi(\mathbf{x})] - i \partial_x^j V[\phi(\mathbf{x})] \right\} \tag{14}$$

$$= 0 \tag{15}$$

$$[P^j, P^k] = \left[ \int d^3y \pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \int d^3x \pi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) \right] \tag{16}$$

$$= \int d^3y \int d^3x [\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \pi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] \tag{17}$$

$$= \int d^3y \int d^3x \{ [\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \pi(\mathbf{x})] \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) + \pi(\mathbf{x}) [\pi(\mathbf{y}) \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] \} \tag{18}$$

$$= \int d^3y \int d^3x \{ \pi(\mathbf{y}) [\partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}), \pi(\mathbf{x})] \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) + \pi(\mathbf{x}) [\pi(\mathbf{y}), \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}) \} \tag{19}$$

$$= \int d^3y \int d^3x \{ \pi(\mathbf{y}) [\partial_y^j i\delta(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x})] \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x}) + \pi(\mathbf{x}) [\partial_x^k (-i) \delta(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y})] \partial_y^j \phi(\mathbf{y}) \} \tag{20}$$

$$= \int d^3x \{ (-i) \partial_x^j [\pi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^k \phi(\mathbf{x})] + i \partial_x^k [\pi(\mathbf{x}) \partial_x^j \phi(\mathbf{x})] \} \tag{21}$$

$$= 0 \tag{22}$$

## 参考文献

- [1] 坂本真人著「場の量子論-不变性と自由場を中心にして」(裳華房,2014,ISBN9784785325114)