

場の量子論 p361check12.4

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1 本文

$$[P^\mu, \psi^a(x)] \quad (1)$$

$$= [\int d^3\mathbf{y} (i\psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y})\partial^\mu\psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}) - \eta^{0\mu}\mathcal{L}(t, \mathbf{y})) , \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})] \quad (2)$$

$$= [\int d^3\mathbf{y} (i\psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y})\partial^\mu\psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}) - \eta^{0\mu}\psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y})[\gamma^0(i\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu - m)]^b{}_c\psi^c(t, \mathbf{y})) , \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})] \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= -i \int d^3\mathbf{y} \{\psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})\} \partial^\mu\psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}) + i \int d^3\mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) \partial^\mu \{\psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})\} \\ &\quad + \eta^{0\mu} \int d^3\mathbf{y} \{\psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})\} [\gamma^0(i\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu - m)]^b{}_c\psi^c(t, \mathbf{y}) \\ &\quad - \eta^{0\mu} \int d^3\mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) [\gamma^0(i\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu - m)]^b{}_c \{\psi^c(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})\} \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

$$= -i \int d^3\mathbf{y} \delta_b{}^a \delta(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x}) \partial^\mu\psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}) + \eta^{0\mu} \int d^3\mathbf{y} \delta_b{}^a \delta(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x}) [\gamma^0(i\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu - m)]^b{}_c\psi^c(t, \mathbf{y}) \quad (5)$$

$$= -i\partial^\mu\psi^a(t, \mathbf{x}) + \eta^{0\mu}[\gamma^0(i\gamma^\mu\partial_\mu - m)\psi(t, \mathbf{x})]^a \quad (6)$$

$$= -i\partial^\mu\psi^a(x) \quad (7)$$

$$[J^{ij}, \psi^a(x)] \quad (8)$$

$$= [\int d^3\mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) i(y^i\partial_y^j - y^j\partial_y^i) \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})] + [\int d^3\mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) (\frac{1}{2}\sigma^{ij})^b{}_c\psi^c(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})] \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= - \int d^3\mathbf{y} \{\psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})\} i(y^i\partial_y^j - y^j\partial_y^i) \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}) + \int d^3\mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) i(y^i\partial_y^j - y^j\partial_y^i) \{\psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})\} \\ &\quad - \int d^3\mathbf{y} \{\psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})\} (\frac{1}{2}\sigma^{ij})^b{}_c\psi^c(t, \mathbf{y}) + \int d^3\mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) (\frac{1}{2}\sigma^{ij})^b{}_c \{\psi^c(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})\} \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$= - \int d^3\mathbf{y} \delta_b{}^a \delta(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x}) i(y^i\partial_y^j - y^j\partial_y^i) \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}) - \int d^3\mathbf{y} \delta_b{}^a \delta(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x}) (\frac{1}{2}\sigma^{ij})^b{}_c\psi^c(t, \mathbf{y}) \quad (11)$$

$$= - \left[\left(i(y^i\partial^j - y^j\partial^i) + (\frac{1}{2}\sigma^{ij}) \right) \psi(x) \right]^a \quad (12)$$

$$[Q, \psi^a(x)] \quad (13)$$

$$= [q \int d^3 \mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x})] \quad (14)$$

$$= -q \int d^3 \mathbf{y} \{ \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x}) \} \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}) + q \int d^3 \mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) \{ \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi^a(t, \mathbf{x}) \} \quad (15)$$

$$= -q \int d^3 \mathbf{y} \delta_b^a \delta(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x}) \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}) \quad (16)$$

$$= -q \psi^a(x) \quad (17)$$

$$[Q, \psi_a^\dagger(x)] \quad (18)$$

$$= [q \int d^3 \mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi_a^\dagger(t, \mathbf{x})] \quad (19)$$

$$= -q \int d^3 \mathbf{y} \{ \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi_a^\dagger(t, \mathbf{x}) \} \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}) + q \int d^3 \mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) \{ \psi^b(t, \mathbf{y}), \psi_a^\dagger(t, \mathbf{x}) \} \quad (20)$$

$$= +q \int d^3 \mathbf{y} \psi_b^\dagger(t, \mathbf{y}) \delta_b^a \delta(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{x}) \quad (21)$$

$$= +q \psi_a^\dagger(x) \quad (22)$$

参考文献

- [1] 坂本眞人著「場の量子論-不変性と自由場を中心にして」(裳華房,2014,ISBN9784785325114)